



### IGCSE Chemistry Complete Revision Summary

# ELECTROLYSIS

a) Atomic Structure

b) Periodic Table

c) Structure and Bonding

d) Quantitative Chemistry

e) Chemical Changes

f) Energy Changes

Reactivity of Metals

Reactivity Series

Extraction of Metals

Acids and Bases

Neutralization

Making Soluble Salts

Making Insoluble Salts

Titrations

Electrolysis

Electrolysis of molten compounds

Electrolysis of aqueous solutions

Electrolysis of Aluminium



### **ELECTROLYSIS**



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Electrolysis — The breaking of ionic compound by passing electricity.

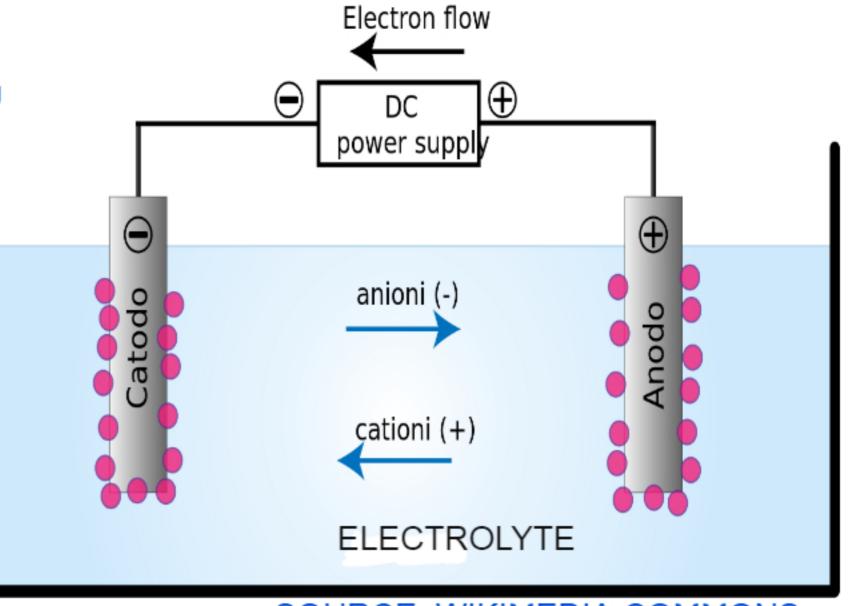
Electrolyte — The substance that undergoes Electrolysis

Electrode — The two conducting rods dipped in an electrolyte

Cathode \_\_\_ Where Cations (+ve charge lons ) go. So it is negatively charge electrode

Anions

Where anions (-ve charge ions) go.
So it is positively charged.





#### ELECTROLYSIS OF MOLTEN IONIC COMPOUNDS



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lonic compounds conduct Electricity when in molten or in solution as the ions are free to move when they are in solvent or dissolved in water.

Molten Sodium Chloride Nacl - Na + a (gou towards anode) ode +> Reduction Nat + et \_ Na(8) Cathode - Ordalion,

201 - Olagt 20





# **ELECTROLYSIS IN SOLUTIONS**

In Solution the water also gets ionized and dissociate into H+ and OH- which also competes with the ionic compounds ions to discharge.

### Sodium Chloride Solution

At Cathode

$$2H^{+}+2e^{-}\longrightarrow H_{2}$$

At Anode

$$2Cl^{-} \longrightarrow Cl_2 + 2e^{-}$$

Rule

At the cathode, the element with least reacitivity will get discharged and gains electrons. For that we have to look at the reactivity series

For anode, the rules is :-

Potassium Sulphate Solution

At Anode

Remaining Solution

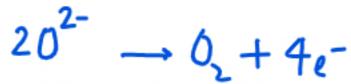


ELECTROLYSIS OF ALUMINIUM OXIDE



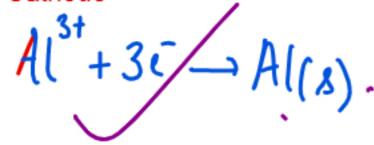
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#### At Anode



oxygen evolved reacts with graphite electrode forming carbon dioxide. Therefore they are used up and needs regular replacing

#### At Cathode



Bauxite an ore of aluminium is used which contains aluminium in the form of aluminium oxide.

Cryolite lowers the melting point of aluminium oxide making it melt at a lower temperature.

aluminium oxide in molten cryolite liguid aluminum

Source: Wikimedia Commons



## **KEY TERMS**

**TEST** 

YOURSELF



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Acids

Bases

Metals

Reactivity Series

Reduction

Oxidation

Alkali

Salt

**Neutralization Reaction** 

Indicators

pH scale

Soluble Salts

Insoluble Salts

Electrolysis

Electrode

Anode

Cathode

Electrolyte

Ionic compounds

Cryolite

Bauxite

Ore

Metal Extraction